(b) if so, the details thereof and the deficiencies noticed if any. and

(c) the steps contemplated by Govern ment to remove the deficiencies and to make it more beneficial for wider section of the rural population?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COOPERATION IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI NITISH KUMAR}: (a) to (c) A Group was constituted in December, 1986 under the Chairmanship of an Additional Secretary in the Ministry of Agriculture, Department of Agriculture and Cooperation to undertake an indepth and critical review of the functioning of Comprehensive Crop Insurance Scheme (CCIS). The Group submited its Report in August, 1988.

The deficiencies noticed in the CCIS are voluntary nature of the scheme, adverse selection of areas by the States/ U. Ts. implementing it low rates of pre-mia; predominance of rainfed crops like oilseeds, millete & pulses and shortcomings in the crop cutting machinery.

The Government has considered the Group's Report in all its remifications. As regards the actuarial premia, it has been decided to continue the present rates of premia which are tokan in nature (2 per cent of the sum insured for wheat, paddy & millets and 1 per cent of the sum insured or oilseeds and pulses) with an element of 50 per cent subsidisation of premia to be borne equally by the Central and State Governments in respect of small and marginal farmers. It has also been decided not to implement the CCIS on a compulsory basis, because Agriculture is a Stae subject. In order t_0 make the CCIS financially viable the following changes were introduced with effect from Kharif 1988: —

(a) The sum insured would be limited to Rs. 10, 000/- per farmer irrespective of the quantum of loan taken by the farmer.

(b) The total sum insured would be limited to 100 per cent of the crop loan.

Besides, from Rabi 1988-89 in addition to these changes, the levej of indemnity for various crops was altered as per the following details: —

Calegoiy	Variation yield	lnde-In mnity
Low	. Upto 15%	90%
Medium	16% to 30%	8C%
High	. Above 3C%	6C%

Examination of strucure of fertilizer subsidy

2071. SHRI SHIV PRATAP MI-SHRA: Will the Minister of AGRICUL-CULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are examining he structure of fertilizer subsidy estimated at Rs. 8516 crores will a view to reduce it;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) by when a decision in this regard is likely to be taken?

THE MINISTER OF STAT$_E$ IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVE-LOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI UPENDRA NATH VERMA): (a) to (c) A Working Group has been set up by the Planning Commission to $_{go}$ into the entire gamut of fertilizer subsidy. However, the retention price for the different fertilizer units, on the basis of which the subsidy is paid, is reviewed once in three years. The current retention prices are valid for the period 01-4-1988 to 31-3-1981. It is not possible to give a time frame for a decision as th$_e$ Working Group is yet to submit their report.

भारतीय राज्य कृषि क्षेत्र निगम

2072. सरदार जगजीत सिंह अरोड़ा:
श्री राम जेठमलानी :

क्या कृषि मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि सरकार ने राष्ट्रीय बीज निगम के स्थान पर